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hold that office. He was the first to perform the Cæsarean operation in this country. On Nov. 25, 1830, he m. Lucy Ellen Hansbrough (dau. Joseph and Sarah (Myers) Hansbrough, of Culpeper), b. June 6, 1813; d. Washington, D. C., Dec. 8, 1880. Ch: 262. Dabney (twin). 263. James C. (unm). 264. Brodie S. 265. Sarah P. 266. Elizabeth H. 267. Lucy. 268. Ann M. 269. Mary E. 270. Margaret, b. Fred., Dec. 25, 1844, d. Jan. 2, 1845.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

SOME OTHER MINORS IN VIRGINIA.

By BENJAMIN BLAKE MINOR, LL. D.

(CONTINUED)

Thomas Minor's children, as shown by his will, were John; Agatha, who married Mordecai Redd, who removed to Kentucky, and some of them to Missouri; Lucy, who married James Crane (unknown); Clara, who married Hubbard Taylor, and went with him to Kentucky; Owen; Thomas; Ann and Elizabeth, one of whom married a Tutt.

Thomas Minor, Jr., was born in 1751, and died July 21, 1834, in his eighty-third year. He served through the whole of the War of the Revolution, commencing, in 1775, as second lieutenant in the 5th Virginia regiment, and ending as captain and aide of General Edward Stevens, at the siege of Yorktown, in 1781.

In 1781, he married Elizabeth Taylor, daughter of Colonel James Taylor, of Midway, Caroline county. This James Taylor (there were six of them in direct line), was an ensign in the French and Indian War, in 1758; was an associate, in the House of Burgesses, of his kinsman, Edmund Pendleton; was chairman of the Committee of Safety of Caroline county, and lieutenant of that county; was a member of the conventions of 1775 and 1776; was the first senator of Caroline and Hanover under the State Constitution, and was a member of the convention of 1788, which ratified the Constitution of the United States. He was a kinsman of Presidents James Madison and Zachary Taylor.

Thomas Minor and his wife, Elizabeth Taylor, had five sons and seven daughters. Two sons, John and Thomas, died unmarried. Three, James, Hubbard Taylor, and Jefferson, married, and have left descendants. One daughter, Alice Thomas, remained single. All the rest married, and with the exception of Mrs. Ann Maria Scott, of Bowling Green, Caroline county, removed to Kentucky and Missouri. One of the sons and three of the daughters lived to be octogenarians. Mrs. Minor survived her husband several years. There is further information of these Minors in Dr. Lyon G. Tyler's *Wm. and Mary Quarterly*, Vol. VIII, p. 247; Vol. IX, p. 55.

LOCUST GROVE.

After Thomas Minor, Sr., had married Alice Thomas, he purchased, in November, 1742, a tract of land called Johnston's, of 220 acres, for £44 current money, being part of a patent granted William Johnston in 1728.

In the reign of George II, when Sir William Gooch was Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia, on the 1st of October, 1747, Thomas Minor obtained a grant for 263 acres of land in Spotsylvania county. The metes and bounds of said tract of land show that it was a part of Locust Grove. Reference is made to the lines of Farish Lewis, Johnston and Minor. Said grant was probably intended to confirm his title from Johnston.

(TO BE CONCLUDED)

THE BROOKE FAMILY OF VIRGINIA.

By PROF. ST. GEORGE TUCKER BROOKE, Morgantown, W. Va.

(CONTINUED)

At a Superior Court for the District composed of the counties of Essex, Middlesex, King and Queen, and King William, held at King and Queen Court House on Tuesday the 18th of September, 1804, This last will and testament of William Brooke, deceased, was offered for proof by Richard Brooke the executor therein named and was proved by the oaths of Henry Young and George M. Brooke, two of the witnesses thereunto subscribed and also by the oath of the said executor and is ordered to be recorded. Test:

ROBERT POLLARD, C. D. C.

A Copy. Test:

WILLIAM TODD, Clk.

In the year 1808, Thomas Dandridge Price brought suit in the Chancery District Court of Williamsburg against Richard Brooke, executor of William Brooke, to compel execution of the third provision of the will. An attested copy of the will is filed with the bill, and from it the foregoing copy is made. The bill shows that William Brooke died 1st of March, 1894 (at which time he was in his thirtieth year), and that "the debts were few and the estate considerable." The above copy and note were made by me from the original papers in the Clerk's office in Williamsburg, 29 May, 1897.

CHARLES WASHINGTON COLEMAN.